

## **Behavioral Health Profile**

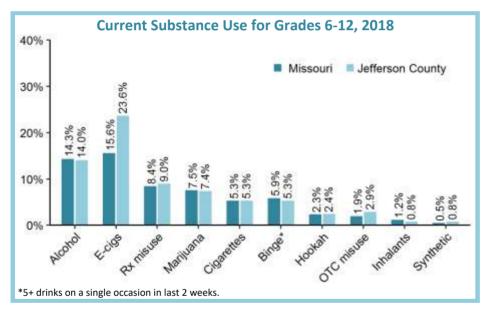
Jefferson County 2018



Jefferson County is located in Eastern Missouri and had a population of 223,413 in 2016. Jefferson County ranks 7 in population size among Missouri's 114 counties plus the city of St. Louis. The 2016 unemployment rate in the county was 7.4%. This was higher than the statewide unemployment rate of 6.6%. In 2016, the poverty rate was 10.1% which was lower than the statewide poverty rate of 14.0%. The median income of the county was \$61,508.

### **Substance Use in Jefferson County**

The availability of county-level data on substance use is limited. The Missouri Student Survey convenience sample can provide estimates for youth in most Missouri counties. This survey is administered in even-numbered years to 6th through 12th grade students in participating school districts. Adult data are available at the regional level from the NSDUH. See page 2 for graph.



Alcohol is one of the most common substances used by Missouri youth. In Jefferson County, 14.0% youth have used alcohol in the past 30 days. An estimated 38.0% believe that using alcohol presents only 'slight' or 'no risk' of harm. Similarly, approximately 20.8% of youth believe that there is 'slight' or 'no risk' of harm in binge drinking once or twice a week. About 50.8% of youth believe that it would be easy to get alcohol. 46.8% of youth have at least one friend that uses alcohol.

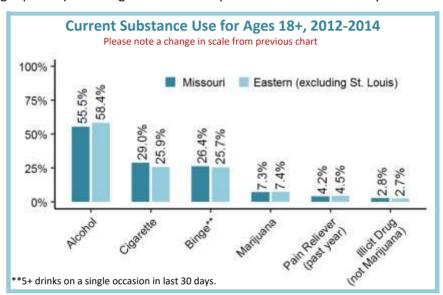
The average age of first alcohol use is 12.9. Among Missouri adults, alcohol is the most commonly used substance. In the Eastern region, approximately 58.4% of adults currently drink alcohol, and 25.7% have had 5 or more drinks of alcohol on a single occassion in the past 30 days.

Cigarette use, in both standard and electronic forms, is of concern across the state. In Jefferson County youth, the rate of e-cigarette use is higher than the rate of standard cigarette use. The average age that county youth first use standard cigarettes is 12.7. An estimated 42.0% of youth believe that it would be easy to get standard cigarettes and 53.1% to get e-cigarettes. 26.9% of youth have at least one friend that uses standard cigarettes. An estimated 15.1% of youth believe there is 'slight' or 'no risk' to smoking standard cigarettes, while 47.1% believe there is 'slight' or 'no risk' to smoking e-cigarettes. Most youth obtain cigarettes and e-cigarettes from their friends. In the Eastern region, 25.9% of adults currently use cigarettes compared to 29% statewide.

Marijuana use in Missouri youth continues to be of interest, particularly with recent shifts in legality of adult use across the nation. Around 7.5% of youth and 7.3% of adults report current marijuana use. In Jefferson County, 7.4% of youth use marijuana. In 2018, 38.6% of youth said that marijuana is easy to get. Around 77.1% believe that smoking marijuana is wrong, and 39.5% report having at least one friend that uses marijuana. The average age of first use is 14.0. The majority of youth obtain marijuana from their friends, a dealer, or a family member. Across the state, around 46.6% of adults believe there is 'slight' or 'no risk' of harm from smoking marijuana once or twice a week. In Jefferson County youth, approximately 38.4% believe that there is 'slight' or 'no risk' of harm from smoking marijuana once or twice a week.

**Prescription drug** misuse is of growing concern both across the nation and in Missouri. In Jefferson County, 24.6% of youth believe that it would be easy to get prescription drugs that were not prescribed to them. Most youth

report that there is a risk of harm when misusing prescription drugs, but 12.0% of youth believe that there is 'slight' or 'no risk at all'. About 94.7% of youth believe it would be wrong to use prescription drugs not prescribed to them. Most youth get prescription drugs from a friend or family member. Pain medication is the most commonly misused prescription medication, with 48.4% of those misusing prescription drugs in Jefferson County county saying they misuse pain medication. 4.5% of adults in the Eastern region reported misuse of prescription pain medication over the past year.



## **Substance Use Consequences in the County**

**Health:** In 2015, Jefferson County residents had a total of 72 alcohol-related and 148 drug-related hospitalizations. In addition there were 311 alcohol-related and 523 drug-related ER visits that did not include a hospital stay.

**Treatment:** In 2017, 1334 individuals were admitted into Substance Abuse Treatment Programs. A total of 348 were primarily due to alcohol, 207 were primarily due to marijuana, and 75 were primarily due to prescription drugs.

**Law Enforcement:** In 2017, Jefferson County had 806 DWI arrests, 144 liquor law violations and 1382 drug-related arrests. There were 25 methamphetamine laboratory seizures in Jefferson County in 2017.

**Traffic Crashes:** Alcohol-related traffic crashes decreased in the last year (from 217 in 2015 to 191 in 2016). Alcohol-related crashes are more likely to produce fatalities and injuries compared to non-alcohol-related crashes.

2016 Number of Alcohol-Related Crashes by Severity			2016 Number of People Injured / Killed in Alcohol and Drug-Related Crashes			
Total Fatal	Crash w/	Crash w/	Alcohol	Alcohol	Drug	Drug
Crashes Crash	Injury	Property Damage	Fatalities	Injuries	Fatalities	Injuries
191 7	73	111	9	106	11	38

# Behavioral Health Epidemiology Workgroup

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### **Mental Health Data for Jefferson County**

Individuals struggling with serious mental illness are at higher risk for homicide, suicide, and accidents, as well as chronic conditions including cardiovascular disease, respiratory disease, and substance use disorders. In state fiscal year 2017, 2056 Jefferson County residents received treatment for serious mental illness at publicly-funded facilities. See table for details. While there are data on those who receive treatment, data on mental health in the general population is very limited. This is especially true at the local level.

#### **Numbers Served in Jefferson County**

Total	FY2016 2,079	FY2017 2,056
Adjustment Disorder	61	57
Anxiety Disorder	1348	1,317
Developmental Disorder	63	55
Impulse Control Disorder	354	299
Mood Disorder	1,679	1,641
Psychotic Disorder	311	314

These numbers indicate the number of clients seen with each diagnosis per year. An individual client may have more than one admission within a year.

In Eastern Missouri, 17.9% of those 18 and older had a mental illness in the past year, and 4.4% had a serious mental illness. Serious mental illness is defined as any of the mental disorders asked about and 'these disorders resulted in substantial impairment in carrying out major life activities'.

Approximately 6.9% of Eastern Missouri residents ages 18+ had at least one major depressive episode in the past year. A major depressive episode is characterized by an extended period of depressed mood, loss of interest or pleasure, and impaired functioning. Typically, females are more likely to report having had a major depressive episode.

Students (6th-12th grade) in the county were asked about their mental health. 74.8% of students in the county reported feeling grouchy or in a bad mood, 56.1% reported feeling sad, 55.1% had changes in sleep, and 57.1% had difficulty concentrating in school at least sometimes. About 20.5% of youth reported self-harm. The most common method of self-harm was cutting, hitting, or scrating oneself. Females were more likely to report self-harm than males.

Suicide is the 2nd leading cause of death for ages 10-34 in Missouri. In 2016, 48 Jefferson County residents died by suicide. Typically, white males are most at risk of suicide. Approximately 14.8% of youth had considered suicide in the last year, 9.9% made a plan, and 1.3% actually attempted, resulting in an injury.

Developed with support from the Missouri Division of Behavioral Health and the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration.

For more information: http://dmh.mo.gov/ada/mobhew/

<sup>\*</sup>Counts under 5 suppressed to protect identities