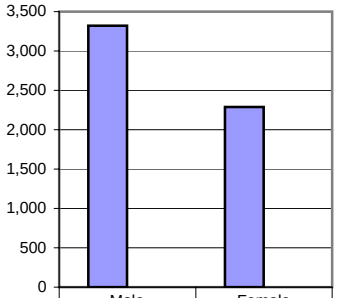
COCAINE ADMISSIONS, FISCAL YEAR 2005

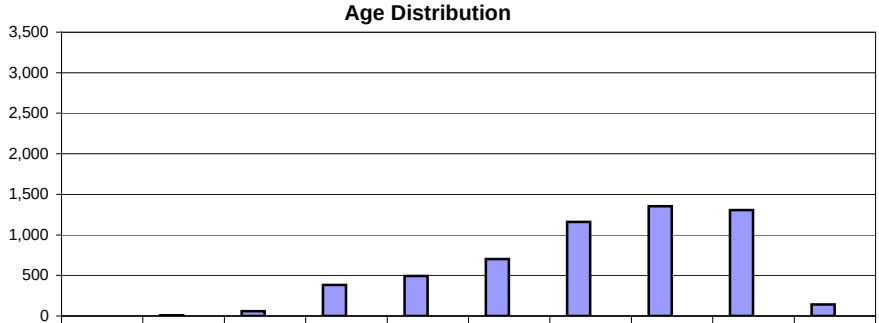
5,609 Admissions [1]

Gender



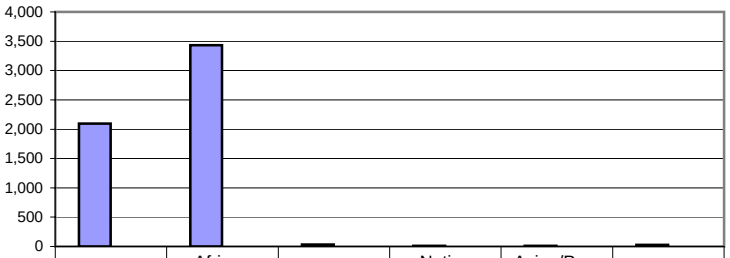
	Male	Female
Admissions	3,321	2,288
Percent	59.2%	40.8%

Age Distribution



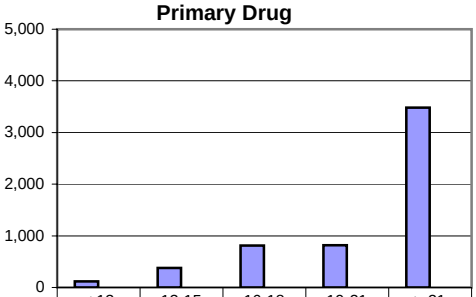
	< 12	12-14	15-17	18-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-54	> 54
Admissions	0	6	59	384	492	703	1,162	1,353	1,306	144
Percent	0.0%	0.1%	1.1%	6.8%	8.8%	12.5%	20.7%	24.1%	23.3%	2.6%

Race/Ethnicity



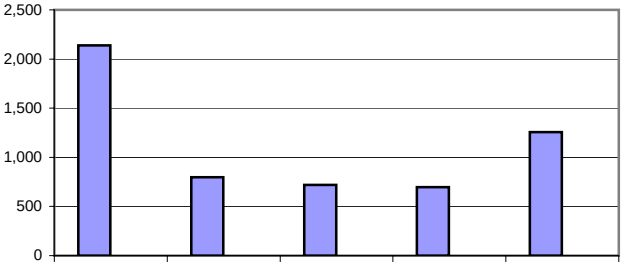
	Caucasian	African American	Hispanic	Native American	Asian/Pac. Islander	Other
Admissions	2,096	3,431	34	12	10	26
Percent	37.4%	61.2%	0.6%	0.2%	0.2%	0.5%

Age Client First Used Primary Drug



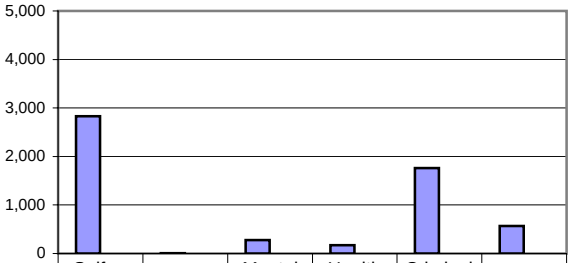
	< 13	13-15	16-18	19-21	> 21
Admissions	120	376	809	819	3,485
Percent	2.1%	6.7%	14.4%	14.6%	62.1%

Frequency of Use When Admitted



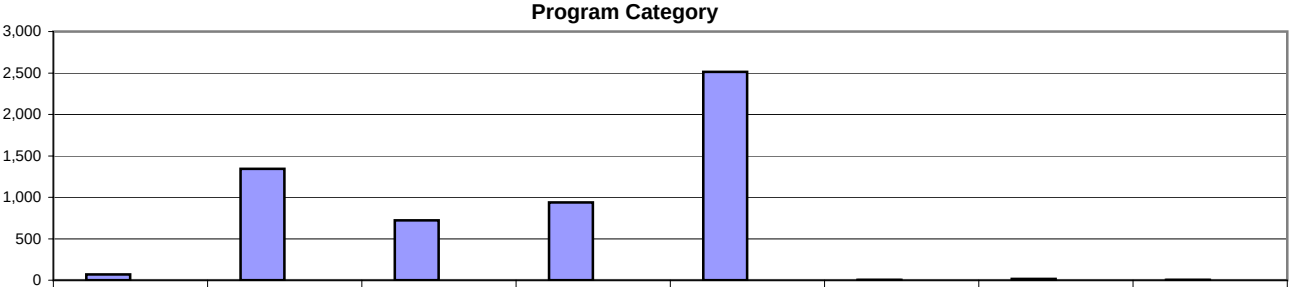
	Daily	3-6 times per week	1-2 times per week	1-3 times per month	Less than monthly
Admissions	2,139	796	720	698	1,256
Percent	38.1%	14.2%	12.8%	12.4%	22.4%

Treatment Referral Source



	Self or Family	School	Mental Health	Health Care	Criminal Justice	Other
Admissions	2,828	9	277	170	1,758	567
Percent	50.4%	0.2%	4.9%	3.0%	31.3%	10.1%

Program Category



	CSTAR Adolescent	CSTAR Women and Children	CSTAR General Population	Primary Recovery Detoxification	Primary Recovery Treatment	Opioid Treatment	Clinical SATOP	Other Treatment
Admissions	69	1342	723	937	2,515	5	15	3
Percent	1.2%	23.9%	12.9%	16.7%	44.8%	0.1%	0.3%	0.1%

[1] In these charts, admission records are unduplicated by client I.D. to quantify individuals admitted into ADA substance abuse treatment programs during Fiscal Year 2005 whose primary drug of abuse was Cocaine.